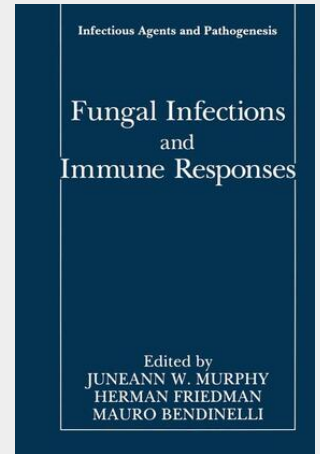


Fungal Infections and Immune Responses

Biomedical scientists widely acknowledge that individuals' immune responsiveness is important in resistance to infections by microorganisms, including fungi. Because of the devastating acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) epidemic, caused by the human immunodeficiency retrovirus, it is now accepted that suppressed immune responses, especially cellular immunity, are important contributors to increased individual susceptibility to opportunistic infections-including infections caused by fungi which were at one time thought to be very lowly or nonpathogenic. Within the last few years, there has been an almost explosive increase in interest and studies concerning the nature and mechanisms of the immune response to fungal infections. Many immunologists who are not well versed in mycology have begun to study the nature and mechanisms of antifungal immunity using a wide variety of newer as well as more conventional immunologic technologies, both in vivo and in vitro. Up to the 1980s, however, there was little interest among basic immunologists concerning fungal immunity. This situation has changed dramatically in the past half decade, mainly because of AIDS.

Springer Book Archives



213,99 €

199,99 € (zzgl. MwSt.)

Lieferfrist: bis zu 10 Tage

Artikelnummer: 9781489924025

Medium: Buch

ISBN: 978-1-4899-2402-5

Verlag: Springer US

Erscheinungstermin: 28.05.2013

Sprache(n): Englisch

Auflage: Softcover Nachdruck of the original 1. Auflage 1993

Serie: Infectious Agents and Pathogenesis

Produktform: Kartoniert

Gewicht: 896 g

Seiten: 574

Format (B x H): 155 x 235 mm

